THE BEAVER ARGUS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this size measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon, to insure insertion in that week's paper.

New Advertisements.

FAIRBANKS

STANDARD

SCALES

of all kinds.

ALSO, BAGGAGE BARROWS, WARE-HOUSE TRUCKS.

COPYING PRESSES;

IMPROVED HONEY DRAWERS.

Fairbanks, Morse & Co.,

191 Second Avenue, near Wood St., Pittsburgh.

SCALES REPAIRED PROMPTLY.

apr7:6mos.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale lots in a Town which he has recently laid out, adjoining the borough of Rochester, Pa., about fifteen minutes walk from Rochester Station, East on the Pittsburgh road. The lots all contain one acre of land and upwards, and purchasers are at liberty to take one or more, as it may suit their convenience. These lots present a very desirable location for

PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

Of business men and mechanics.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For further information inquire on the premises. G. W. MILLER.

apr7:3t.

SPRING OPENING!

SPRING OPENING!

1869. AT 1869.

J. H. BENCE'S,

J. H. BENCE'S,

Third Street, Beaver, Pa.

Now Opening a Splendid stock of

DRY GOODS

MILLINERY GOODS,

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.,

LUSTRES, ALPCAAS, MUSLINS, DE-LAINES, GINGHAMS, PIKAYS, PRINTS, NAINSOOK, SWISSES, CAMBRICS, &C.

Spring Shawls! Spring Shawls!

New style dress skirts, Balmoral and the seamless skirt, Hoop Skirts, corsets, handkerchiefs hosiery Gloves, Buttons, &c., &c.

LADIES' READY-MADE UNDERWEAR.

☞ Special attention paid to kid gloves, Alexander's best always on hand.

Gentlemen's Furnishing

GOODS,

Good fitting White Shirts.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons, &c.

By far the largest stock of millinery goods ever brought to this county, and cheaper than you can buy them at any other place.

Hats and Bonnets altered, cleaned and done over, Cheap.

EMBROIDERIES.

A very large selection on hand.

FANCY GOODS!

STAMPING AND PINKING DONE TO ORDER.

Our Goods are sold at Pittsburgh prices.

Thanking our many friends and patrons for past favors, we would respectfully ask for a continuance of the same, assuring them that we will leave nothing undone to deserve the same. Remember

WE CANNOT BE UNDER-SOLD.

Now is the best time to buy.

J. H. BENCE,

apr7:1y. Third Street, Beaver.

GRANT'S CABINET.—The excitement about the cabinet, being over, and "all quiet on the Potomac," a new excitement has sprung up at Dr. J. D. Coffin's Union Store, corner Bridge and Rhode Island streets, Rochester, Pa. In addition to a general assortment of drugs, patent medicines, perfumeries, oils, paints, putty, &c., I have just received an elegant assortment of boots and shoes, among which may be found some of the finest and best kinds of Ladies', Misses and children shoes, all new and bright—no old fashioned, second hand stock. If you want to buy to buy a fashionable, shoe 25 per cent cheaper than they are sold at any other shoe store in the county this is the place. If you want a pair of extra fine Balmorals or Gaiters, Polish top, or slippers, this the place. J. D. COFFIN.

P. S. Physicians perscriptions put up carefully. Having retired from the practice of medicine, consequently will not attend any professional calls.

apr7:1t. J. D. C., M. D.

U. S. Internal Revenue.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the annual lists of assessments of Internal Revenue Taxes upon the incomes of 1868 made by the several Assistant Assessors of the 24 collection district of Pennsylvania will be open for inspection at the assessors office in Washington Pa., from the 5th to the 15th day of April next, during which time persons aggrieved may make appeals from what they may consider erroneous assessments.

All appeals must be in writing, specifying particularly the matter of complaint respecting which a decision is requested.

JAMES B. RUPLE,

Assessor 24th District of Penn'a.

Washington, Pa., March 27, 1869.

apr7:3t.

TEACHERS WANTED.—One Principa and three assistant Teachers wanted for the Beaver Union School. Applications received up to April 19th. School to open April 26th.

SALARY.—Principal $80 per month. Assistant, $40. By order of the Board.

J. LEDLIE, Sec'y.

mar31:2t. (Radical and Local copy.)

For Sale.—The residence of Commander Gillis on Third Street, borough of Beaver, house contains eight rooms, large pantry, good closets, cupboards and wash-house, fine cistern, pump in the wash-house, all in good order. Lot contains every variety of fruit. Terms easy. Inquire of Mrs. Gillis, on the premises, or Mr. R. F. Wilson.

ALSO, two lots corner of Elk and Fifth Streets, very low. Inquire as above. apr7:3t.

New Advertisements.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

W. D. OF PENN'A, PITTSBURGH, April 3rd, 1869.

This is to give notice:

That on the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of John W. Cooper, of Beaver Falls, in the County of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Heron House in New Brighton, Pa., before P. A. Knox, Esq., Register, on the 12th day of May, 1869, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

THOMAS J. ROWLEY,

apr7:3t. U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

FRUIT TREES,

VINES AND BERRIES.

10,000 No. 1, 1 year old seedling peach trees, at $5 00 per 100; also several thousand grapevines at $5 00 per hundred; also gooseberry bushes, $5 00 per hundred. A variety American seedling strawberry plants, Wilson's Albany 75 cts. per hundred, $5 00 per thousand; Agriculturist plants $1 00 per hundred; Triumph degan $1 00 per hundred, $7 50 per thousand. Burs new pine, $1 00 per hundred. $7 50 per thousand.

Nursery one mile west of Beaver on the Tuscarawas Road, in Brighton tp.

apr7:4t. GEORGE ENGLE.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY

AND

PROVISION STORE!

Rochester, Pa.

By COE & DARRAGH

WHERE MAY BE FOUND

Family Groceries and Provisions, Fish, Flour, Cureae, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Oil, Pure Cider Vinegar, Syrups, Molasses, Salt, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Willow-ware, Wooden-ware, and everything in their line, and they hope by strict attention to business, to merit a

LIBERAL SHARE OF THE PATRONAGE.

N.B.—All kinds of Country Produce taken at the market price.

COE & DARRAGH.

Rochester Oct. 1st. 1867—oct7'67:1.y

Wall Paper, Window Shades.

Patterns New,
Prices Low,
Variety Endless.

DEZOUCHE & Co.

Cor. Fifth Avenue, 112 Wood Street. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Packages delivered at R. R. Depots, &c. free of charge. mar10:3m.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co,

NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. R. SHANNON, J. G. STEPHENSON.

mar 24:3m.

AT EASTERN PRICES.

HENRY MERZ,

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes

GAITERS AND SLIPPERS.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

TERMS MODERATE.

Shop on Third Street, (Near Miller's Book Store), Beaver Pa. Give us a call.

apr7:1y

For Sale.—The undersigned will sell his House and Lot in New Brighton Beaver county Pa. The lot is 40 feet by 180. The house is a double frame, containing twelve rooms. Price $4,000. Payments to suit purchasers. Apply soon, to

J. H. CUNNINGHAM, or

apr7:6w] SAMUEL MAGAW, Esq.

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office in McKinley's building, east of Public Square. mar 31:1y.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

I will make corresponding reductions in Tuition and Music for pupils who may use the cars to reach us for instruction. Term opens April 1, '69 mar.17:3t. R. T. TAYLOR.

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER

The largest and cheapest stock of Wall Paper in Beaver County.

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS.

A large assortment of Miscellaneous, School and Religious Books, constantly on hand at Publishers' Prices.

Gift Books Suitable for the Holidays,

ON HAND.

STATIONERY, STATIONERY, STATIONERY,

An extensive variety of Paper, Envelopes, Lead Pencils, Gold and Steel Pens, Ink and Ink Stands, &c., &c.

We are the exclusive Agent for the celebrated

Foley's Gold Pen,

for this County; those seeking a good Gold Pen, would do well to see them before purchasing.

We are the Agent for the County for Krider's Photograph Marriage Certificate. The attention of Clergymen is respectfully called to this, as we can sell them at the same discount as they would get from the Publisher. Atwaters School Government for sale at Publishers' prices.

We have on constantly on hand Floor Oil Cloth in large variety.

WINDOW SHADES,

WINDOW OIL CLOTH,

RUSTIC & PAPER SHADES.

ALSO—

on hand Toys and Variety Goods suitable for the Holidays.

J. F. PRICE,

Dec'l Broadway, New Brighton

ELECTION.—The stockholders of "the Company for Erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at, or near, Wellsburg, in the County of Beaver," are hereby notified that an Election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer will be held in the Toll House of said Company, on the last Monday, the 26th day, of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

mar.17.4t JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

FOR GOVERNOR, 1869.

JOHN W. GEARY.

THE Crawford County system of making popular nominations has been tried by the Republicans of Beaver county, and entirely to their satisfaction.

THE Democracy hereabouts have insisted for some time past that if the *people* were allowed to speak on the question of adopting the XVth amendment, the measure would receive but little support in any State in the Union. "Wait until next fall," said they, "and you will see Legislatures chosen in every northern and western state, that will vote against its ratification under any and all circumstances." But a few weeks have passed since the amendment was proposed, yet within this time four States have held elections, and every one of them have pronounced in favor of impartial suffrage. New Hampshire was the first to lead off, Michigan the next, Connecticut the third, and Rhode Island the fourth. The result in New Hampshire and Rhode Island and Michigan was not unlooked for, but that Connecticut, a Democratic State, should go Republican, and choose a Legislature which will give the negro the ballot, is a political "sockdolager" that our Democratic friends little looked for. The world moves.

ANNEXATION is said to be the all engrossing theme of a large party of Cuban sympathizers, at present, in Washington City. The feeling among politicians and others in favor of the aquisition of new territory appears to grow stronger every day; and, if public opinion on this subject should gather strength in the proportion that it has for the past few weeks, it is more than probable there will be a pretty strong annexation party in the United States before the close of the year. Even now, it is gravely and confidently asserted that the present Administration will put this question in the foreground of its policy; but nothing has been said by the Executive, or his Constitutional advisers, to justify these statements. The Banks resolutions which were introduced a few days ago, and the Cuban sympathizers who are at work at Washington, and many other minor influences combine to fan the flame of annexation. The newspaper articles in reference to the subject are also not without effect, and the restless spirits—always numerous about the Capital—are industriously turning every little occurrence and incident to their advantage. Some are looking toward the British Provinces, and others at Mexico; but, just now, the great majority have their eyes on Cuba, which they expect to fall into our lap in a very short time. The Foreign Affairs Committee were discussing a bill for the purchase, or annexation of St. Domingo, on Friday last. Annexation is all the rage at present.

Hail Connecticut!

Our news from our sister State is cheering. Connecticut has rejected her present Democratic State officers and chosen instead their Republican competitors by a small majority. James Dixon (late Johnsonized United States Senator) is beaten for Congress in the Hartford District by Julius L. Strong, Republican—a Republican gain. James F. Babcock (a Johnsonized Federal office-holder) has barely escaped defeat in running for Congress in the New Haven District, which went Democratic last April by over 2,500 majority. William H. Barnum (Dem.) is barely re-elected in the Fairfield and Litchfield District, over Sidney B. Beardsley, Republican. In the New London and Windham District, Henry H. Starkweather, Republican, is re-elected by a large majority. So we have a net gain of one in the delegation—half of it instead of a fourth. The Legislature is probably Republican by a small majority, securing the ratification of the XVth Amendment, at least so far as Connecticut is concerned. The Republican triumph seems complete.

Nobly done, land of the Trumbulls, the Ellsworths, and of Roger Sherman! No more timely blow than yours has yet been struck for Impartial and Universal Freedom!

The following are the State Officers elected yesterday:

Governor, Marshall Jewell, of Hartford; Lieut. Governor, Francis Wayland, of New Haven; Secretary of State, Hiram Appleman, of Groton; Treasurer, David P. Nichols, of Danbury; Controller, James W. Manning, of Putnam.

The following are the members elect of the present Congress:

Julius L. Strong, vice *Richard D. Hubbard*; *James F. Babcock*, vice *Julius Hotchkiss*; H. H. Starkweather, vice H. H. Starkweather; *William H. Barnum*, vice *William H. Barnum*.

Democrats in *Italics*.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE election for State officers and members of the Legislature of Rhode Island came off on the 7th instant, and but a light vote was cast. The Republican ticket headed by Seth Paddleford for Governor is elected by about 3,000 majority. Returns from all but nine towns give Paddleford 6,858 and Pierce, Democrat, 3,009. The Senate probably comprises twenty-seven Republicans and six Democrats; House sixty-one Republicans and eleven Democrats. Providence gave 1,642 Republican and 576 Democratic votes; Newport 407 Republican and 103 Democratic; Bristol 470 Republican and 183 Democratic; Woonsocket 218 Republican and 52 Democratic votes.

LATER.—Returns from every town in the State except Block Island give Paddleford 7,407 and Pierce 3,359. The total vote is about one-half of that of last fall.

A special from St. Paul says that on Tuesday night, eight miles from that city, in Washington county, a horrible tragedy was enacted. A man killed his wife and four children with an ax mangling them in a shocking manner. He afterwards cut all their throats. All were found lying near each other in pools of blood, presenting a most sickening spectacle. Gray is insane. He was arrested and is now in jail at St. Paul.

RECONSTRUCTION.

On the 7th instant, the President issued his message to Congress, requesting that a final adjournment of that body should not take place without Legislation authorizing the immediate subrnission of Constitutions to the vote of the people of the States of Mississippi, Texas and Virginia, expressing the belief that Congress would concur with him in the opinion that it is desirable to restore the States that were in rebellion to their relations to the Government and the country at as early a period as their people shall be found willing to become peaceful and orderly communities, and to adopt and maintain such constitutions and laws as will effectually secure the civil and political rights of all persons within their borders. Congress has so concurred in opinion. On Thursday last a bill, for the purpose desired by the President, passed the U. S. House of Representatives. On Friday the same bill passed the Senate with an amendment requiring the Legislatures of those States to ratify the XVth Article to the Constitution of the United States, as a condition precedent to their admission to the Union. In the afternoon of the same day the Senate amendment was concurred in by the House; and, at this writing, only requires the signature of the Executive—which it probably now has—to become a law of the land.

It is charged by the Democracy that the Senate amendment referred to above, is a breach of faith on the part of Congress towards the unreconstructed States of Mississippi, Texas and Virginia; that it is unconstitutional in that it dictates legislation; that it was unwarranted by the former reconstruction acts; that similar exactments were not required from any of the other Southern States of the Union; and that it was done for the sole purpose of perpetuating Republican power.

Now, it is a well known fact that Congress never entered into any agreement with the Southern States relative to their reconstruction; and, consequently, has not broken faith with them. It is true, Congress prescribed a mode by which they could have organized State Governments, and secured representation in the present Congress; but those States rejected it, and have since stood out in hostility to the Government. Now, Congress has the right to exact what terms she pleases from them, so they be just and right in themselves. It is not unconstitutional for Congress to guarantee to those States a republican form of government, and certainly the ratification of the XVth Article—which gives the elective franchise to all male citizens of the country, otherwise qualified—can not be said to be anti-republican, nor anti-democratic in the true sense of the latter term. We deny the assertion that the Senate amendment was adopted for the sole purpose of perpetuating the power of the party in control of the Government. If by doing justice, and securing equality before the law, to all classes of citizens throughout the length and breadth of the Republic, success to the Republican party shall follow as a consequence, we shall unquestionably be gratified. We do expect such a result. The desire of the Democratic party is for future success by keeping the question of negro suffrage open and appealing to the prejudices of race. They felt confident that without the ratification of those States and Indiana, the XVth Article would fail. Against this barely possible contingency the Senate amendment has provided, and in all likelihood, next December will witness the representatives from those States in the halls of Congress; the Amendment to the Constitution ratified, and the question of manhood suffrage thrown out of politics forever.

IT is understood in Washington city that the President sent a dispatch on last Wednesday by cable, requesting Reverdy Johnson's resignation as Minister to England. This is right and will accord with the general desire of the country. Whatver can be said in Mr. Johnson's favor as a lawyer or as a respectable citizen of the United States, it will hardly be claimed by any person that he is a *true* representative of the prevailing political sentiment of the country whose Minister he is. Under these circumstances, therefore, President Grant desires his resignation, so that another and a more devoted friend of the Union may be sent to England in his stead.

THE bill to reorganize the Judiciary of the United States has finally passed Congress. It provides for the appointment of one additional Judge on the Supreme Bench, and nine new circuit Judges, each of whom shall possess the same power and jurisdiction within his circuit, as the Justice of the Supreme Court allotted to that circuit. The Courts in each circuit are to be held by a Justice of the Supreme Court allotted thereto, or by the Circuit or District Judge, each sitting alone, or either two sitting together. The Circuit Judges have a salary of five thousand dollars each. The Judge on the Supreme Bench is required to attend at least one term of the Circuit Court in each district of his circuit, during every two years. Any U. S. Judge of ten years service, and seventy years of age, may resign, and thereafter receive full pay as a pension. The act goes into effect the first of next December.

SOME few of our Democratic exchanges are boasting over "gains in Connecticut." Their "gains," amount to just *six* additional representatives in the House, obtained from local and personal influences; while their *losses* foot up three Senators, two Members of Congress, and the whole State ticket, including their brag candidate, English, for Governor. The "Democratic gains" in Connecticut, therefore, reminds us of the western editor's account of how he thrashed a political adversary: We held him down to the floor by inserting our nose firmly between his teeth and twisting our hair on one of his fists, &c."

THE voters of Connecticut rebuked ex-Senator Dixon last week sharply. It will be remembered that he was elected to the U. S. Senate from Connecticut a few years ago by the Republicans, and that he acted with that party until 1866, when he embraced Johnsonism and became a malignant enemy of the party to whom he owed his position. After his Senatorial term expired the Democrats in the Connecticut Legislature made him their candidate for re-election, but failed. Governor Buckingham, a straight out Republican, succeeding. At the election held last week the Democrats had Dixon up again, but this time gave him a seat in the House of Representatives. The contest was an animated one, but resulted in Dixon being beaten by Strong, his Republican opponent, who had a majority of 800.

GEORGE S. TWITCHELL, Jr., convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary Hill, his mother-in-law, and who was to have been hung in Philadelphia on last Thursday, committed suicide in his cell a night before by taking strychnine. The poison was conveyed to him by some person unknown. A coroner's jury found he made a "confession" alleging that his wife was the real murderer, and that he was only accessory after the fact. This "confession" gained but little credence, and that it was a "trumped up" one seems to be pretty fairly established by the miserable man taking away his own life.

Gerald Eaton, convicted of the murder of Timothy Keenan, a brother of the pugilist, and who was to have been executed on the same gallows and on the same day with Twitchell, suffered the penalty of the law at the time designated.

THE New York *Tribune* feels good since Grant's message in regard to reconstruction in Mississippi and Virginia was sent to Congress. It believes now that his policy is similar to that steadily urged by the *Tribune*, viz: Universal Amnesty and Impartial Suffrage, and thinks that he is strongly opposed to the disfranchisement and disqualification clauses contained in the Virginia and Mississippi Constitutions.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

MONDAY, April 5.

SENATE.—A Joint Resolution was offered to adjourn over from April 22nd inst. The bill authorizing certain companies to subscribe to the stock of improvement companies, passed finally, with Schuylkill Navigation exempted from its provisions. The bill authorizing the appointment of Notaries Public at Petroleum Centre, was taken up and passed finally. The bill authorizing the consolidation, together, of the Eastern State Penitentiary for separate confinement and religious service, was adjourned.

HOUSE.—A resolution requesting the Governor to offer a reward of one thousand dollars for the arrest of the murderer of Broadhead, was passed finally. The general appropriation bill was made the special order of the day for Tuesday next at 10 o'clock, A. M. The supplement to the jury act of 1837, authorizing the court to order new lists for deficiencies in jury wheels, passed finally. Mr. Nicholson called up the bill authorizing the present and future county surveyors to act till their successors are qualified, passed finally. The Registry bill, with an amendment to apply to Philadelphia, passed by a strict party vote.

TUESDAY, April 6.

SENATE.—A vast number of private and local bills passed finally.—The only one of general interest to the community at large was one from the house, authorizing the Governor to commute death sentences to imprisonment for life.

HOUSE.—The bill authorizing the congregation of convicts in the Western Penitentiary, for labor, learning and religious exercises, was passed. A large number of private bills passed first reading, but were not finally disposed of. The bill authorizing the Governor to remit sentences, and reduce death sentences to imprisonment for a term of years, came up. An amendment was adopted striking out all except death sentences, when the bill passed.

WEDNESDAY, April 7.

SENATE—Several bills were presented, and sundry local bills passed. The veto of the bill incorporating the Westmoreland Agricultural Society, was read. Adj.

HOUSE.—The General Insane bill from the Senate was passed. The Senate amendment to the bill authorizing the Governor to commute the death penalty was adopted by the House, and the bill as amended passed. The bill allowing parties to contract for the payment of seven per cent. interest, passed second reading. The bill allowing parties in interest to testify, in certain cases, in Erie, and several other counties—Beaver included—passed finally. The Senate bill authorizing the Erie Canal Company to mortgage the canal and issue bonds for reedeeming the present indebtedness and enlarging the canal, passed finally. Adj.

THURSDAY, April 8.

SENATE.—The Senate resolved to accept an invitation to be present at the dedication of the Soldiers' Orphans Monument on the 14th. The Ship Canal Passage account, of two thousand dollars, was ordered to be paid. The bill from the House allowing interested parties in Erie and other counties to testify, was amended so as to make the law general, and then passed. The bill from the House relating to suits by non-residents, passed finally. Adj.

HOUSE.—The bill enlarging the jurisdiction of the Courts of Common Pleas in granting charters, passed finally. Also, one confirming the acknowledgment of deeds, mortgages, &c., heretofore made by corporations; one authorizing the formation of co-operative societies, passed. A joint resolution authorizing an amendment to the Constitution allowing female suffrage, was rejected by a vote of 20 to 65. The amendment of the Senate to the bill allowing interested parties to testify, was non-concurred in. Adj.

FRIDAY, April 9.

SENATE.—A bill for final adjournment on the 16th inst., passed. The bill to enable building, Saving, and Loan Associations to collect debts after the expiration of charters, passed. Adjourned till Monday evening.

HOUSE.—Nothing of general interest transpired, with the exception of the passage of the general Registry bill. The Governor vetoed the bill authorizing the remitting of the death penalty. Adjourned.

THE New Orleans *Times* says that the steamer Mexico, while on her last trip off Tortugas, was more than an hour and a half passing through a sea of snakes, writhing, and twisting through the water as thick as minnows in a country brook. They were of all sizes, from the ordinary green water snake of two feet, to monsters, genuine sea serpents of fourteen to fifteen feet in length.

Forty-First Congress.

MONDAY, April 5.

SENATE.—The Judiciary Committee reported, without amendment, the bill prescribing the oath of office to be taken by persons who participated in the late rebellion, but who are not disqualified from holding office by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. It provides that when any person shall be elected or appointed to any office of trust or honor under the United States Government, and shall not be able to take the oath prescribed July 2d, 1862, on account of participation in the late rebellion, they shall, in lieu thereof, before entering upon the duties of their office, take the oath prescribed in the act of July 11, 1868, for persons from whom legal disabilities shall have been removed. A number of bills and resolutions were then presented and offered, but void of general interest. The Senate then took up the bill authorizing the President to fix the point where the Eastern and Western Divisions of the Pacific Railroad shall form a junction, and discussed it the remainder of the day, without coming to a vote. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—A number of bills were presented of a local and private character. A resolution instructing the Committee on Appropriation to inquire into the propriety of applying part of the appropriation to coast survey to enable its Director to cooperate several with the Commissioners operating on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, for the purpose of obtaining an accurate geographical and topographical survey, was adopted. A joint resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the propriety of restoring to Mrs. Mary Custis Lee the Mt. Vernon relics taken from her house at Arlington during the war, and now in the Patent Office, was adopted. The resolution to declare void so much of the Cherokee Indian treaties as authorized the sales of land at $1,25 per acre, was adopted. The Judiciary Committee were instructed to inquire into the charges against Judge Busteed, of Alabama. The bill to carry into effect the treaty with Mexico for the adjustment of claims, passed. Several other bills, of no special interest except to parties concerned, passed. The bill continuing the Freedmen's Bureau Hospitals at Richmond, Vicksburg, and the District of Columbia, passed. A message from the President announced that he had signed the Tenure of Office bill. A discussion arose on the bill extending the time to construct the railroad from St. Croix river or lake, to the west end of Lake Superior, and to Bayfield, which was eventually referred to the Committee on Public Lands. The Post route bill passed. Without anything of further interest the House adjourned.

TUESDAY, April 6.

SENATE.—Sundry bills and resolutions were offered and presented. A bill to make San Diego, California, a Port of Entry, passed. The bill to aid in the construction of a branch from the Pacific Railroad to Portland, Oregon, was taken up and discussed till the close of the morning hour; when the bill to protect the interests of the U. S. Government in the Union Pacific railroad came up in order. The amendment authorizing the President to fix the point of junction of the Eastern and Western branches of the main line, was adopted. Several other amendments were adopted. The bill extending the time for the completion of the Portage and Lake Superior canal, was passed. The bill to extend the time for finishing the Little Rock and Ft. Smith railroad, passed. The bill for the removal of political disabilities from certain persons, passed. The Senate then resumed and discussed the bill to protect the interests of the United States in the Union Pacific Railroad, and without further action the House adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Census bill was taken up discussed and several amendments adopted. After some further discussion, the whole subject was referred to the Joint Committee on Retrenchment, with power to inquire as to the best method of taking the census, and report by bill at the next session. The Indian appropriation bill was then taken up and discussed; Mr. Butler contending that under the Fourteenth Amendment, Indians were citizens, and consequently could not be treated with. Indian treaties were out of date. But without further action, the Committee rose. At the evening session, the House went into Committee of the whole on the same bill, and a lengthy discussion followed. Several amendments were adopted. Twenty-two Senate amendments were concurred in, and one hundred and three non-concurred in. The committee rose, and the House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, April 7.

SENATE.—The Chaplain prayed that the patriot arms of Cuba might be strengthened and the Isles of the sea be severed from their oppressors. After the introduction of sundry bills and resolutions, the bill to amend the Judiciary system of the United States was called up, discussed, amended, and sent back to the House for concurrence. The bill to aid a branch of the Pacific Railroad to Portland, Oregon, was passed. The joint resolution to protect the interests of the United States and the Union Pacific railroad was then taken up, and on motion, postponed. Sundry amendments to the Deficiency Appropriation bill were agreed to, and the bill passed. A message was received from the President urging Congress, before final adjournment to provide for an election and adoption of State Constitutions in the unreconstructed States, some time in May or June next, so that they may be admitted into the Union at the next session. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—Many bills and resolutions were presented and offered. The Indian appropriation bill came up in order. Many amendments were proposed and some agreed to; among them one placing two millions of dollars in the hands of the President to enable him to preserve peace with the Indians. The Democrats voted against this. The action of the Committee of the whole on all the other amendments were concurred in. A resolution authorizing the Committee on American Navigation interests to sit during vacation at such places as are available for the purpose of examining witnesses and taking testimony to be reported on the 2d Monday of July, was adopted. A bill appropriating $2,000,000 for repair extension and preservation and completion of works for the improvement of rivers and harbors, was, after some discussion, passed. A committee was appointed to investigate the Paraguayan affair. The Georgia bill was discussed, without arriving at a final vote. The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, April 8.

SENATE.—Bills and resolutions, of no general interest, were presented and offered. A long discussion then arose on a motion to defer action on the President's message relative to the unreconstructed rebel States, until the December session; but the debate was interrupted by the expiration of the morning hour, when the bill taxing whiskey, tobacco, etcetera, came up in order. Several amendments were agreed to. A joint resolution requiring bounties to be paid or sent directly to soldiers, or their heirs, was adopted. The House bill, making appropriations to rivers and harbors was passed. The House amendments to the Judicial System were concurred in. Adj.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hoge was sworn in as a member from South Carolina. A bill was reported from the Reconstruction Committee authorizing the submission of the constitutions of the unreconstructed States to a vote of the people, was then discussed, amended and passed. Mr Sheiden, of South Carolina, was admitted to a seat as a member. The Indian appropriation bill was then adopted. The Senate amendments to the Judicial bill were concurred in. Adjourned.

FRIDAY, April 9.

SENATE.—The House bill to submit the constitutions of the unreconstructed States to a vote of the people was amended by requiring the ratification of the XVth Article to the U. S. Constitution, and passed. The bill to protect the interests of the United States in the Union Pacific Railroad passed. Adj.

HOUSE.—The Senate amendments to the whiskey and tobacco bill were non-concurred in, and a conference committee requested. The bill for the publication of the opinions of the Attorney General passed. The members elect from Connecticut were sworn in. Mr. Myers was sworn in as an M. C. from Pa. The bill to remove political disabilities was passed. The Senate bill relative to the Central and Union Pacific Railroad companies passed.

Little of interest occurred in either House on Saturday, with the exception of the Banks' Cuban recognition resolution by the lower house. Both Houses adjourned till December. The Senate then met in Executive session in obedience to the call of the President.

Correspondence.

ALASKA TERRITORY.

SITKA, Alaska Territory, JANUARY, 7, 1869.

MR. EDITOR: Believing that a correspondence from this remote region would be interesting to the readers of your paper, I have attempted herewith to forward you all the news which relates to our newly acquired territory. At the moment of writing it is a clear, cold day, and we have winter, with all its cheerless looks; but the air is invigorating, and the climate is not near so cold as persons are apt to imagine. In fact, I have experienced more severe weather in old Beaver county than we have had here thus far this winter.

The town of Sitka is antiquated in appearance, built at the base of some snow-capped mountains, with its front facing the open sea, filled with innumerable small islands, of which this (Baranoff's Island) is the largest. The harbor is very complicated, and a troublesome one, if not a dangerous one for vessels entering without an experienced pilot. Beyond, in the distance some fifteen miles off, on an island, towers aloft Mt. Edgcombe—its singularly shaped peak piercing the clouds. This mountain was, some years ago, in a continuous state of eruption; but it ceased and, it is tho't, will never more belch forth its flames and lava. This accounts for the hollow opening at the top of the peak.

The buildings which the Russians erected here are the most substantial I ever saw; they are built mostly of good hemlock or spruce pine logs. They are low but comfortable.

Since our arrival here civilization has been progressing wonderfully. At present we have at least ten or twelve grocery stores; bar-rooms and billiard saloons, to the extent of seven or eight; and the stores are on the increase, and the population is augmented on the arrival of every ship. So, Yankee industry has improved the town every way. The foundations of substantial residences have been laid, and other improvements are in progress.

This country abounds in splendid timber. Fine specimens, in abundance, grow in close proximity to this place; principally spruce pine, hemlock and cedar. As to its mineral resources, they may in course of time prove valuable; several prospecting parties are out, and it is hoped they may discover some minerals. There is plenty of game and an abundance of fish and clams here; and the Indians drive a brisk trade in the latter. But, after all, the grand commercial feature of Alaska is its fur trade.—Thousands of dollars' worth of best qualities of furs are brought to this port by the Indians for trade, and business in that line is increasing, and the Government derives great benefit from the trade in furs and other goods.

There is at present, in our harbor, two Revenue Cutters—Reliance and Wyanda—and the Coast Survey war steamer Saginaw, and several schooners and barques.

Our friends, or at least neighbors, the Indians, have been very peaceably disposed and friendly, until within the last few days, when there was some excitement in consequence of one of the chiefs attempting to take a musket from the hands of one of the guards ordered a squad over to Indian town to the support of the assaulted guard; the detachment was fired upon by the Indians and one man wounded; the fire was returned, killing one Indian, and we expected to have a fight with them in earnest. The garrison was ordered under arms, and the General commanding demanded the delivery up of the guilty parties, or he would blow them and their town up from the steamer Saginaw's guns. They finally concluded it was the safer and wiser plan to accede to the demand. The chief was delivered, and is now a prisoner.—They have learned that our troops won't stand any of their nonsense, while we will treat those who are peaceable and friendly, in a peaceful and friendly spirit; but the slightest wrong they commit will be promptly chastized. This is the only way to get along with them. I believe Gen. Davis is a determined man, and will not be trifled with; and I rather guess the Indians have arrived at the same conclusion. It is to be hoped we will have no more difficulty with them, though always ready if they wish to fight.

Christmas was celebrated as usual at least as well as could be expected. The Russians celebrated their's by public masquerades. Their customs are very curious, but pleasing to witness. Our troops are in good health, but we need more vegetable diet.

Our mail facilities are very meagre, hardly ever oftener than once in two months. Why don't the Government attend to this mail business? We never know what is going on until about three months after it has transpired in the States. Well, I must close now, but will write more at large in my next.

S. J. H. BEIGHLEY,
Co. F, 9th U. S. Infantry.

PULASKI Tp. 4th mo. 7, 1869.

EDITOR ARGUS:—The present relations between the Government and the Indians is becoming a matter of interest with journalists and with the people at large. Many are beginning to see that the policy heretofore pursued toward them has in a measure failed in accomplishing the results intended. If a policy which has been followed for near two centuries has failed, a progressive Government should not hesitate to adopt another—"the Penn policy"—recommended by the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*. Though proving successful in the first settlement of Pennsylvania, it would still be regarded as an experiment under circumstances which would naturally appear discouraging, under the long number of years the *sword* has ruled, the vices engendered by intercourse with the whites, the present incomplete treaties and the possibility of another war as soon as Spring opens. Now, if the "Penn policy," which means (if I understand it) *justice*—"that we should do unto others as we would they should do unto us"—should be adopted and prove successful in our dealings with the Indians, will it not prove that the Christian religion is "no cunningly devised fable," but a blessed reality—a divine principle in the heart of man, calculated to inspire him with "love to God, peace on earth and good will to man."

That the readers of the ARGUS may more fully understand the point that the Friends (Quakers) are expected to take in this matter, I ask the privilege to offer an extract from the Philadelphia FRIEND: E. T.

"Much has been said in the public papers in relation to the Government of the United States wishing to carry on its intercourse with these uncivilized people [Indians] through the agency of Friends, and we apprehend an erroneous impression has been made as to the proposition communicated to Friends by the President, and the part we have been asked to take, in carrying out the wish to change the policy long pursued towards the remaining tribes of aborigines inhabiting the far West.

As was stated in this Journal some time since, the Meeting for Sufferings in Philadelphia, prepared a Memorial to Congress and the Executive, earnestly soliciting their serious attention to the sad condition of the Indians on the plains, the cruel war waged against them, and the suffering resulting from it; earnestly requesting that the shedding of blood should be stopped, and a course of kindness and justice substituted therefor, expressing the belief that by so doing peaceful relations between them and the Government might be permanently established. This memorial was presented to both Houses of Congress, to the President, and to the President elect, by a deputation specially appointed for the service.

Shortly after his reception of this address, a letter written by direction of the President elect, was received by one of the deputation, in which, confidence in Friends' interest in and desire to benefit the Indians was expressed, and a request made that they would forward to him, when he came into office, the names of members whom the Society would endorse as being suitable to fill the stations of Superintendents and Agents. He also said that he would promote any plan of their own, which Friends would wish to carry out, for the civilizing and christianizing the Indians, so far as the laws would allow him.

This was the extent of the proposition made to Friends. There was nothing said like placing the whole Indian Department in the hands of Friends, as has been stated in some of the public prints, nor that the Agencies would be entrusted to Friends exclusively. The President, desirous to inaugurate a pacific policy toward the red men, and to try how far they can be brought under the benign influence of christian civilization, turned to Friends to assist in the desirable effort to furnish men for the work whose religious principles restrain them from any participation in warlike measures, and whose practice and example, if consistent with their principles, would promote peace and restore the confidence of the poor savages in the white man.

Of course, the first question raised among Friends was, whether the duties of Superintendent or Agent were such that a Friend could perform them without violating any of the testimonies of the gospel as held by our religious Society, for if he could not, there was an end to the matter. By personal inquiry made of the Executive, it has been ascertained that nothing will be required of a Friend, acting as Superintendent or Agent, which will interfere with his religious principles, and time arrangements will be made,

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, April 14, 1869.

Circulation Twelve Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 square—10 lines.	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	5 00	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	11 15	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column.....	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column.....	11 00	15 00	20 00	28 00	40 00
1 column.....	23 00	30 00	38 00	50 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices....$3.00

Special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending the 3rd of April, 1869.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Apr. 4,	33 deg.	36 deg.	34 deg
" 5,	37 deg.	52 deg.	45 deg
" 6,	44 deg.	53 deg.	40 deg
" 7,	30 deg.	56 deg.	43 deg
" 8,	35 deg.	57 deg.	40 deg
" 9,	41 deg.	46 deg.	33 deg
" 10,	38 deg.	47 deg.	37 deg

R. T. TAYLOR.

Subscriptions to the Beaver Argus.—The following named persons have paid the sums set opposite to their names on subscription to the Beaver ARGUS, since the date of our last issue:

R. R. Dawson, Warrensburg, Mo. 2 00
R. D. Dawson, Allen Station, Mo. 2 00
W. J. Cooper, New Wilmington, Pa. 50
Dr. John Bryan, Water Cure, 2 00
John Craig, Hookstown, 4 00
J. G. Hunter, Brighton tp., 3 25
John G. Young, Bridgewater, 2 00
John Rhodes, Fallston, 2 33
Reuben Hendrickson, Baden, 2 00
John Kirkpatrick, Brighton tp., 1 00
John Sharp, Rochester, 2 00
John J. O'Brien, Pittsburgh, 50
J. M. Johnston, W. Middlesex, Pa., 2 00
Henry Goehring, Zellenople, 2 00
Jacob Goehring, Zellenople, 2 00

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Election Notice—Jas. Whitham.
Bank—Thos. McCreery.
Ex'r's. Notice—Jas. Warnock.
Millinery and Dress Making—Mrs. Z. Moore.
Bread—J. G. Young.
State & Co. Tax—Elijah Barnes.
Mill For Sale—Baker Brothers.
Special Notice—J. H. Bence.
Special Notices—S. Snitger & Co.
Special Notices—Speyerer & Sons.
Foundry—Thos. Campbell.
Alliance Shovel Plow—Snitger & Co.
Special Notice—John R. Eakin.
Special Notice—Hugh Anderson.

Still They Come.—In addition to the candidates announced in last week's ARGUS for the various county offices, we this week give the names of several others. The *new* ones are as follows:—For Assembly—Capt. G. S. Barker, of New Brighton; Sheriff—Thos. Hunter, of Brighton tp.; Treasurer—Benj. Franklin, of Fallston; Commissioner—Edward Coleman, of Marian twp.; Trustees of Academy—D. P. Lowary and James M. Smith, of Beaver; Register and Recorder—Samuel Hamilton, of Ohio tp.; Superintendent—G. M. Fields, of Fallston borough, Jas. Whitham, of Hanover tp.

A Printing Office Mishap.—On last Friday morning, just as we were going to press on the outside of our paper, one of the forms accidently fell to the floor, and "pied" every stick of type there was in it. In consequence of this mishap, we are obliged to put out but a half sheet this week. By next publication day we hope to be all right again.

Hon. J. B. Donley has our thanks for a copy of the evidence before the Committee on Reconstruction relative to the condition of affairs in Georgia.

We can assure our readers that Barrett's vegetable Hair Restorative is a really valuable preparation, and that a trial is all that is needed to convince any one of its excellency.—*Pittsburgh Christian Advocate.* It.

A Word to Correspondents.—Some three weeks ago we received a communication in favor of a particular candidate for Sheriff, signed "Big Beaver." We declined publishing it for two reasons: *First*, because the author did not forward his name to us, and, *second*, because the communication contained insinuations derogatory to other candidates for the same office. In the issue of the ARGUS succeeding the receipt of the one here referred to, we stated that communications of that character—those making charges or containing personal allusions calculated to do other candidates an injury—*could only appear in the* ARGUS *in company with the author's name.* We have seen no cause for changing our opinion on that point yet, and it is very likely we shall adhere to it throughout the campaign.

Communications, however, which only set forth the claims or merits of one candidate, *without striking at another*, will appear as usual in the columns of the ARGUS, and the writer's name withheld, if so desired.

Successful, because of Superior merit. Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S Improved (new style) Hair Restorer, or Dressing, (in one bottle). Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar. [mar31;1m

Election of a County Superintendent.—By reference to Prof. Whitham's advertisement to be found in this week's ARGUS it will be seen that an election for a county superintendent of our common schools will be held at the Court House, in Beaver, on the first Tuesday in May, (the 4th). The school directors of the different townships and boroughs should give this election their attention, as the office of county superintendent is to be an important one, and none but competent gentlemen should be selected to fill it.

One car of Clements & Stevens' flour, just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, in Rochester, Pa., at the store of SPEYERER & SONS.

One car load of Canton City and New Creek Flour just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, in Rochester, Pa., at the store of Speyerer & Sons. Where the above brands of flour are not kept by dealers, we will deliver them by barrel or sack, free of charge.

(*Local* please copy.)

Dead Body of an Infant Found.—On last Saturday, the 10th inst., Mr. Wm. Rambo, who lives about 2 miles below the mouth of Raccoon creek, discovered a box floating down the Ohio river. He procured a skiff, rowed out into the stream, and securing the box, returned to shore. On opening the box, he was no little surprised to find that it contained the body of an infant male child. A Coroner's Jury was empanelled, and presided over by Wm. Shroades, Esq., who rendered a verdict to the effect that said child came to its death at the hands of some person or persons unknown to the jury. The child's head was smashed, and showed other marks of violence upon its person, but where it came from, or who the guilty parents are, will in all probability remain unknown. The body, when found, was wrapped in a checkered gingham apron, and several circumstances went to show that the physician who attended upon the mother had more or less to do with taking the life of the child and depositing it in a watery grave.

New Banking House.—By reference to an advertisement in another column it will be seen that Maj. Thos. McCreery, of this place, has opened a Banking institution in Beaver. This supplies a need long felt in this vicinity, and it is to be hoped the project will meet with the success it merits.

A Swindle.—We understand that quite a number of the farmers of this county have recently received circulars, &c., setting forth the good qualities of a cereal styled "Norway Oats." The Crawford county *Journal*, of April 3, contains the following in relation to said "Norway Oat:"

There are parties traveling through this county selling small, and contracting larger quantities, of a spurious quality of Norway Oats; representing them to be the genuine, "Ramsdale Norway Oats," obtained from Jones & Clark, New York. Upon inquiry of that firm, we find their statement to be a falsehood, as Jones & Clark have sold no oats to any such party, and pronounce them swindlers of the community.

The manner in which they perpetrate their fraud upon the farmers is, by selling a lot of oats, agreeing to wait payment until they are harvested and threshed warranting a yield of so many bushels to the acre, weighing so much per bushel, &c. The purchaser agreeing to sow them on good ground, well prepared, and if the crop when threshed is not as warranted, the purchaser is not required to pay anything. Attached to the bottom of this agreement, and above the signature of the purchaser, is a note, subject—when attached—to the provisions of the agreement. These notes were drawn payable to G. P. Hall or order, and have been cut from the article of agreement and offered for sale at a liberal discount. A copy of the agreement is left with the purchaser of the oats, signed by G. P. Hall, the head center of this gang of scoundrels.

Those who purchase these notes are hereby notified of the conditions in which they were given, as the collection of the money without fulfilling the contract will, undoubtedly, involve considerable litigation.

Such fellows should be hunted by the community, like wild beasts, and their territory for practicing such villainy limited to a single State each, in our States' prison.

GEN. Longstreet's appointment as Surveror of Customs at New Orleans, don't make any difference on our prices. We sell the best New Orleans Molasses at $1.00 per gallon. S. SNITGER & Co.

Murder at Wampum Furnace.—On last Wednesday, two men named Archie Knowles and Jackson Kirkwood, had a dispute at Wampum Furnace, in Lawrence county, about a shovel, which both claimed. Kirkwood offered it to Knowles, who said, "keep it; you are nothing but a bady, any way," and turned to leave him, when Kirkwood raised the shovel and broke it over Knowles's head. He died about noon the same day. Kirkwood left immediately, and, as yet, has not been heard from.

BEING unconstitutional to sell anything bad, we sell a very good Family Syrup for 80 cts. per gallon.

S. SNITGER & Co.

Rev. Louis Paine, of Rochester, this county, but temporarily at Limaville, Ohio, writes to us as follows:

The article in your paper of last week on Mormonism came to hand, while *Amelia Folsom*—the last lady spoken of as a wife of Brigham Young—was stopping in our town. She and her family formerly resided here. When her parents went to Salt Lake City, as converts to Mormonism, she was very much opposed to going—a disbeliever in Mormonism. She finally yielded and went, and is now a professed wife of Brigham Young, and a strong willed advocate of Mormonism. She was of very respectable parentage, and a fine intellectual girl. She is now about 22. She said, with reference to a rumor that she was his last wife, "that it was by no means true," he has taken to his bosom many since. She very much disliked to be made a spectacle for the gaze of the crowd—as she had been on her arrival here—and yet gloried in being a Mormon and a 42nd wife. A true example of the adage of familiarity with vice: "First abhor, then pity, then embrace." With some nine others, she is visiting in the States—calling upon relatives of Mr. Young, and of the party. Also, they have business of some description at Washington, St. Louis, &c.

Comments upon Mormonism are unnecessary. The system as briefly illustrated in the article of last week, shows its own disgusting features. That such a system should flourish amid cultivated people, shows only the more clearly, that intellectual cultivation even combined with the natural delicate feelings of ladies, will not save from moral degradation. Human nature needs the moral regeneration of spiritual washing. Nothing but the Gospel can save.

APRIL.—Wear your learning, like your watch, in a private pocket, and don't pull it out to show that you have one; but if you are asked what o'clock it is, tell it. So if you are asked what the greatest tonic in the world is, you can, with confidence say, the Zingari Bitters. It is recommended by some of the most eminent men in this country, as well as in Europe. apr7;1m.

The following is an official copy of the circular issued by the commissioners relative to the postponement of the dedication of the Mexican monument:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harisburg, April 1, 1869.

SIR: Circumstances entirely beyond their control, have compelled the commissioners to indefinitely postpone the dedication of the monument erected in Harrisburg to the memory of deceased soldiers in the Mexican war, was to have taken place on the 26th of May.

Very respectfully,
JOHN W. GEARY,
E. C. WILLIAMS,
JOHN BRADY,
RICHARD COULTER,
D. H. M'CREARY,
Commissioners.

WE are not like Artesian fountains, "rolling down our golden sand," but we have rolled down the price of extra Golden Syrup to $1.10 per gallon.

S. SNITGER & Co.

New York Swindlers.—The Hon. A. O. Hall, Mayor of New York, has published a card cautioning strangers against New York circulars, tickets, chances, and prospectuses in co-operative unions, or gift enterprises, or dollar stores, or any other possible scheme whereby property or value is promised greater than the price asked to be paid. He says "every such advertised scheme is necessarily a swindle and false pretense: There does not and cannot tangibly exist any such schemes in this city, and country newspapers advertising them simply aid in the swindle. If all the newspapers in the country would now make a point of publishing and reiterating this information, they will charitably and effectually counteract the swindling intentions of those who use the mails for false pretences.

An Editor's Assessment.—It does a body good to have his pride flattered once in a while. We realize the benefit of it once a year, when the assessor comes around and asks how much money we have at interest, how much stock we have in government bonds or in banks, and various other questions that are supposed to belong only to the "solid men." If there is anybody around, we straighten up slightly, expand our corporosity, and in as heavy a clear tone as we can command, we answer, "About the same as last year." They know well enough what that is, so do we.

State Superintendent.—Gov. Geary has reappointed Prof. Wickersham State Superintendent of common schools. Mr. W. has made a very efficient officer, and there is no doubt but that he will continue to adorn the position to which he was lately reappointed.

Good Bread.—Mr. John G. Young, of Bridgewater, called at our office a few days ago and left us a few loaves of bread of his own make, in order to let us "try it." He will please accept our thanks.—Mr. Young has long been regarded as a first class baker, and the bread left us fully sustains his reputation in that particular. He deserves well of the community.

WE are still ahead in the matter of good flour at lower prices than at any other place in the county. Our prices are: Extra S. F., $7.75, very fine $7.50, and a very good Flour at $6.00 per bbl.

S. SNITGER & Co.

Removal.—Mr. John Williams, the barber, has removed his shop from the Union Hotel building, to the National Hotel, in Beaver, Pa., where he will be happy to see and wait upon his old customers. John has discarded the use of "Bensine as a beverage;" turned over a new leaf, and vows that he will never touch, taste or handle the unclean thing again. Give him a call. He can give you one of the best shaves to be had anywhere.

The Temperance Union of Beaver and vicinity will hold its regular Monthly Meeting in the U. P. Church of Beaver, on Friday evening, April 16, at 7½ o'clock. Dr. D. L. Dempsey will address the meeting. HARVE MCCREERY, Sec'y.

"Penny Wise and Pound Foolish."—A gentleman living some distance from Beaver owned a house and lot in this place some time ago. He wished to sell it but scarcely any one knew of his desire to do so. Finally, while on a visit to Beaver a few months ago, he met with a gentleman to whom he offered it for $3000. The offer was accepted, the money paid and the deed given. It afterwards turned out that there were several parties who were waiting for the property to be offered for sale, either of whom would have given $4000 for it.—*Two dollars* invested in printers ink would have made that seller worth just one thousand dollars more to-day than he is. Reader, take warning from that man's experience.

THE Revolution in Cuba is nothing to us! We can sell extra No. 1 Silver Drips for $1.30 per gall. S. SNITGER & Co.

Robbery.—On last Monday evening a man named Bubbs, belonging to what in Sharon is known as the "happy family," made a raid on the money drawer in the "Western House" in Rochester, and "gobbled up" a considerable amount of script. After making the grab Bubbs cut dirt and ran. Constable Anderson was called upon who gave chase, and after running him nearly all night came up with him in New Brighton the next morning. Bubbs went to jail for a trial at the next term of court.

AN ECLIPSE VISIBLE AT BEAVER.—There will be an eclipse of the sun next August, but there is also an eclipse visible at Beaver every day this Spring, at J. H. Bence's store. His stock of Millinery and Dry Goods, Trimmings, Notions, &c., eclipse everything for Beauty, Variety and Cheapness, ever known in this neighborhood. Take your Pocketbooks and call early if you want to select from a full stock.

On Tuesday of last week, as Mr. Cal. Chamberlain, residing in the neighborhood of East Palestine, Columbiana co., Ohio, was boiling maple syrup, he was seized with a fit and fell against the kettle, spilling the boiling contents over his entire back and left arm, scalding them in a most terrible manner. He laid with his head in the fire until it was burnt to a crisp, extending to his right eye and down the left side of the face to the chest.

ASK your Druggist what the universal opinion is, from those who have used the medicine, of Whittlesey's Dyspepsia Cure, for Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, &c. [It.

On Sunday of last week, two little children of Mr. Martin, residing at Evansburg, Butler county, were engaged at play in a room by themselves. One of the boys, aged nine years, got on a chair, from which the younger, a precocious lad of five summers, ordered him off. Refusing to get down the second little fellow struck his brother an upward blow in the abdomen with a sharp knife, inflicting a wound from which he died in about two hours.

Horrible Murder.—The following particulars of the horrible tragedy enacted on Boher's Landing last week we have gleaned from various quarters:—On Friday last, Dash McCauslin a resident of Main street, started out on a hunting expedition, following the Juniata eastward as far as Red Bank. Finding nothing in the game line, he crossed the river at this point and wended his way back as far as Boher's Landing, where a large gallinaceous fowl attracted his attention to such a degree as to excite the sporting passion beyond control, and as a necessary consequence in a short time the bird was a corpse. Whereupon the owner of this turkey, bent on vengence, came to town, purchased a butcher knife, and declared his intention to take the life of the aggressor. Shortly afterward he came in contact with McCauslin, grabbed him back of the neck and plunged the knife into his throat a little to the left of the windpipe. He was in the act of repeating the thrust when McCauslin by a mighty, desperate effort exiricated himself and beat a hasty retreat for home, at which place he arrived in a short time, the distance being less than a quarter of a mile. Boher not being satisfied with what he had already done followed, and caught his victim, who owing to the loss of blood he had sustained and the powerful exertion he had made in trying to free himself, could not resist the second attack, and quietly submitted to have a rope put around his neck, and be literally dragged back to the wharf, where the rope was swung over the top of a lamp post and in a few minutes he was dangling between heaven and earth. Then was perpetrated one of the most characteristic of the rudest barbarism. We have read of the Indians who burned their victims at the stake, of the Christian Martyrs of olden time, and of the barbarous treatment of Rebel authorities to Union prisoners during the war, but we never expected it to be the duty of our pen to chronicle such fiendish work in our quiet village of Bedford. As soon as the rope was secured to the post, Boher with deliberation and composure, commenced to skin his victim, and had half completed his work when the rope broke—the spark of life which still lingered in the body was extinguished by a well directed blow on the skull with a club—after which his heart was taken out and cut to pieces. Boher was arrested and is in the hands of the authorities. The friends of the deceased took charge of the mutilated body. He leaves a widow and two children to mourn his untimely death.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

THE American Stock Journal for April contains articles on Spring management of farm stock; cruelty to horses, ducks; ammonia in stables; best food for pork making; the best breeds of cows; teams for the farm; raising hogs and making pork; comparative numbers and prices of farm stock; necessity for pure water for milk cows; which is the best stock; How to detect imperfect vision or blindness in horses; cooked food for swine; a new design of a dairy house; raising colts profitable; early chickens; sheep and lambs—spring management; Texas—climate—soil—&c.; killing hogs; curing bacon; short-horn cattle; swine and their sties; diseases of the hog; and a number of others that should be read by every farmer. Specimen copies sent free. Address N. P. Boyer & Co., Publishers, Parkesburg, Chester Co., Pa.

A bloody encounter occurred Wednesday afternoon on the boardwalk running through the Capitol grounds, Harrisburg, between J. Robley Dunglison, a Philadelphia newspaper correspondent and A. R. Schofield, an ex-member of the Legislature from Philadelphia. The *State Guard* says: "From what we could learn, and we had to depend on hereasy information for our facts, it appears that Dunglison and Schofield had had a dispute in the Senate Chamber, in which hard words had passed between them. At the time when the encounter took place Dunglison met Schofield on the boardwalk, and warned him not again to use language such as he had uttered a few minutes before. Here again the dispute became bitter, when Dunglison struck Schofield in the face, and while the latter was returning the assault he was stabbed by the former with an ordinary pocket knife in the back of the neck. The wound inflicted while not dangerous was severe, and bled profusely, the boardwalk containing traces of it which were examined by many persons yesterday afternoon. A difference of half an inch towards the cheek-bone would have severed Schofield's jugular vein and without a doubt killed him. The affair created intense excitement in the neighborhood where it occurred.—Schofield immediately sought medical assistance, while Dunglison, accompanied by a friend, went to the Mayor's office to surrender himself. Up to a late hour last night no information had been made to the Mayor, asking for any arrest for this murderous assault.

The Weston, W. Va., *Democrat* says there are 578,400 acres of wild land offered for sale in that State for 25 and 50 cents per acre—50,000 acres of which are in Wyoming county, and 28,000 in Pendleton county.

Death of Thomas S. Woods, Esq.—It is with feelings of pain that we have to announce this week the sudden death of Thomas S. Woods, Esq., on last Saturday, at his residence in New Lisbon, of heart disease. Mr. Woods was the able and talented editor of the Ohio *Patriot*. He was also a lawyer of ability and had a large practice. He was a democrat in whom there was no guile; and he will not only be missed by his party in his own county, but at all of our Senatorial, State and National Conventions. Mr. Woods was the Democratic candidate for Congress in this district in 1856, and will be recollected by the people as an able champion of Democratic principles.—Mr. W. was married some two or three weeks since to Mrs. Kate, relict of the late Judge Potter, of New Lisbon. How forcibly does this admonition remind us "that in the midst of life we are in death."—*Steubenville Gazette.*

Lawrence County Oil Regions.—We learn that some of our capitalists are going to renew the operations in the Mahoning Valley for oil during the coming spring and summer. This was one of the early fields of operation for oil.—The first well struck was on the Robinson farm, opposite the Stevenson and Euwer place, on the Mahoning River, and was known as the Strawbridge Well. From this well several hundred barrels of oil were taken, the yield being, as was said, from four to six hundred barrels per day. Lower down on the river, on the Small place, several wells were bored, producing a fine quality and a reasonable quantity of oil. Opposite the Small place on the farm of Boyles & Co., and the Phillips place, there were several wells, and also about all of them that were bored to any reasonable depth (four or five hundred feet) oil was found. The low price of oil caused operations to cease along this river, but from the present indications, new efforts will be put forth, and there is little doubt that paying wells will be in operation from Mahoningtown to Lowellsville in a short time, if the proper effort is made. Who knows but this valley will yet be the scene of excitement like that now witnessed at Shamburg, Petroleum Centre, Pleasantville and other like places? If the Mahoning field proves good as is confidently expected, it will be the life of our little county, a fortune to many, and Edenburg may outstrip New Castle, and Mahoningtown go ahead of both.

Within the last few days we heard a gentleman, who has given his attention to the subject, assert his belief that Slippery Rock Creek would yet be the centre of the oil producing territory of Penn'a. We learn that companies are forming with sufficient capital and enterprise to thoroughly test this territory, which has sent to the market hundred of barrels of oil, and which has as yet never been sufficiently tested to ascertain how rich it is. We wish every body who embarks in the enterprise may become millionaires.—*New Castle Courant.*

G. A. R.—There will be a meeting of the Members of Post 90, G. A. R., at their Hall in Beaver, Pa., on Friday night, April 16th at 7 P. M. A full attendance is requested. By order.

AGRICULTURAL.—There will be a meeting of the managers of the Beaver county Agricultural Society, in the Sheriff's office, in Beaver Pa., on Friday, April 23, 1869, at 1, P. M. A full attendance is requested. [apr14:2t

Correspondence.

For the Argus.

Arthur Shields.

MR. EDITOR:—I wish to say a word to the Republicans of Beaver county, thro' the medium of your paper. I would speak to them in reference to the claims of old Soldiers upon their suffrage. Other qualifications being equal, I think they should be preferred. This spirit was manifested by the mass of the people of the United States in the election of Gen. Grant to the Presidency; and I cannot, for a moment, doubt that the mass of the people of Beaver County will respond in a like manner toward the Soldiers who present themselves for nomination, at the ensuing primary meetings in May next. They will remember their promises made to the boys, prior to their march to the front: "Go, now, and if you should live to return, we'll take care of you." How few have survived to claim a full [illegible] the gratitude of the community, as well as grievously and sorrowfully remembered by the widows and orphans of those who fell upon the field, or starved in the prison pens.

I would talk to your readers of Arthur Shields. He was 1st Sergeant of Co. H, 140th Reg't., Pa. Vols. He enlisted in 1862; was very severely wounded at Gettysburg, where his Reg't. stood as a wall of fire and steel, between the enemies of our country, and the Capitol of the United States. He is a candidate for nomination for the office of Sheriff of Beaver county. He is well qualified by education, and industry and integrity to perform the duties of that office; and would be a prominent candidate without the additional claim of a soldier. He was a good soldier; was wounded severely; but served out his time in the V. R. Corps, where he was Orderly Sergeant of the Company to which the writer belonged. Nominate him. A SOLDIER.

For the Argus.

[BY REQUEST.]

Lines for One Who Will Understand Them:

I'm told that your friends have said
I rage, and am an awful liar!
You talk as though your love was dead
While, in my words, are seeds of fire!

No more of love. Your sex is known!
I'll never be again deceived;
Henceforth I trust the man alone;
For woman cannot be believed.

Thro' slander's meanest spawn of hell—
And woman's shatter'd the worst—
And you, whom once I loved so well,
Through you my life may be accurst.

I speak, with heart and head and force,
While shakes my breast with vague alarms,
Like torrents from a mountain source
Would I dare rush into your arms.

D.

Editor Argus:—On the 4th of May 1869 the school directors of Beaver Co. are required by law to meet at the Court House in Beaver for the purpose of choosing a County Superintendent to serve for three years. Will you please inform us through the ARGUS whether Directors chosen at the elections in *last March* will be allowed to participate in said selection or not?

DARLINGTON.

They will not. The Directors who constituted the boards of last year are the persons required to elect a County Superintendent on the 4th of May. The directors elected in March last do not act as such until next June.

To the School Directors of Beaver County.

GENTLEMEN: In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of the 8th of May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention at the Court House in Beaver, on the first Tuesday, in May, 1869, being the 4th day of the month, at 1 o'clock, in the afternoon, and select viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of directors present one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as county superintendent for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act.

JAS. WHITHAM,
Co. Supt. of Beaver Co.

apr14:3t.

MEETING OF THE COUNTY COMMITTEE.

COURT HOUSE: BEAVER PA., April 12, 1869.

Republican County Committee met pursuant to adjournment.—H. Hice Esq., in the chair.

Minutes of preceding meeting read and on motion of Benj. Wilde Esq., were approved.

The first business appearing on the minutes of the preceding meeting being a report from the Executive Committee on the subject of the details of the Crawford County, or popular vote, system, through the chair submitted a written report,—which was read.

On motion of Benj. Wilde Esq., the report was accepted.

On motion we now proceed to the consideration of the report section by section.

SEC. 1. Candidates for the various offices shall be nominated by a direct vote of the Republican party by ballot. Adopted.

SEC. 2. All electors who claim to be, and are recognized as members of the Republican party, residents of the election districts where they propose to vote at the time of the primary election, and minors who are identified with the party, and who will be of full age at the next ensuing election, shall be entitled to vote for candidates for the various offices to be filled at such ensuing election. Adopted.

SEC. 3 Candidates for the respective offices shall announce themselves as such in at least one county paper, for two weeks before the primary elections, and thereby pledge themselves to abide the result of the nomination. Adopted.

SEC. 4. The primary election for nominating Candidates shall be held at the usual place of holding primary meetings in each district on the last Saturday in May in each year, and shall be opened at 2 o'clock P. M., and close in the Townships at 7 o'clock P. M., and in the Boroughs at 8, P. M. Adopted.

SEC. 5. The Republican Electors present at the time for opening the election, shall elect, *viva voce*, one of said Electors as Judge, and two of said electors as Clerks to hold said election, and discharge the duties incumbent on such officers; under these regulations, said clerks to keep a correct list of the names of the persons voting. Adopted.

SEC. 6. The Electors of each district shall also at the same time and place elect by ballot aforesaid one person as a member of the County Committee for the ensuing year, and all districts polling more than 100 Republican votes at the preceding election shall be entitled to elect two persons from such district, as members of said Committee. Adopted.

SEC. 7. After the polls are closed, the officers of the election shall correctly count the votes cast for each candidate and for the member or members of the Co. Com., and shall duly certify the same over their signatures, and such certificates, together with the list of voters and the tally papers, also certified by the officers, shall be carefully sealed in an envelope addressed to the Chairman of the Republican C. Com., which envelope shall then be delivered before 8 o'clock A. M., on the Monday following such election, by the Judge or one of the clerks aforesaid to the person who shall been elected a member of the Co. Com., or to either of them, when there are more than one in the same district.

In case the member of the County Committee elect, is unable to discharge the duties under this section, he may appoint a substitute for the occasion. Adopted.

SEC. 8. The members elect of the County Committee shall assemble at the court-house in Beaver on the Monday following said election, at 1 o'clock P. M., and shall organize by the election of one of their number as President and two as Secretaries, and when so organized the members elect shall deliver to the President the return of the election of the respective Districts in the same condition as received from the election officers as aforesaid, which returns so delivered shall be opened and the votes for the several candidates correctly counted, and the person receiving the highest number of votes, shall be declared the nominee, and the committee shall also cause the publication of the candidates nominated, to be made in the party papers of the county. Adopted.

SEC. 9. Any two or more persons having an equal number of votes for the same office shall be balloted for by the County Committee, and the person receiving the [illegible] number of votes shall be declared nominee. Adopted.

SEC. 10. A majority of the County Committee on being satisfied of fraud in the returns or otherwise, may reject from any election District, to the extent of the frauds committed—and in case it shall appear to the satisfaction of a majority of the members of the County Committee aforesaid that such frauds were procured, aided or abetted, or connived at by a candidate, the entire vote of such district cast for the candidate thus procuring, aiding or conniving at such fraud shall be rejected in the count of votes. Adopted.

SEC. 11. The person having the highest number of votes for any office, in the election of which this county may be connected with any other, shall have the right to appoint the conferees. Adopted.

SEC. 12. Immediately after declaring nominees for the ensuing election—the members of the County Committee shall proceed to permanently organize by electing one of their number as Chairman and one Secretary, and the appointment of an Executive Committee, for the ensuing year. Adopted.

SEC. 13. Candidates for National and State Conventions shall be appointed directly by the people, and it shall be the duty of the Chairman of the County Committee to call meetings at proper times for this purpose. Adopted.

Resolved, That the Mass Meeting for appointment of Delegates to the State Convention be held at the Court House in Beaver, on Thursday, May 6th, prox: at one o'clock P. M.

Resolved, That the Chairman of the County Committee be instructed to communicate directly with the County Committee of Washington County on the subject of the Senator and Representatives of the District: To ascertain the views and wishes of the Republican party of Washington County as to the division of the candidates for the ensuing election. Should Washington County claim the Senator, we claim as the undoubted right of Beaver Co., to have two Representatives during the next term; and that the correspondence be published in the Republican papers of this Co.

Resolved, That 1,000 copies of the Rules for the government of party nominations with an explanatory note be printed and circulated.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of the County Committee be authorized to prepare the necessary blank forms to hold the elections.

Resolved that each candidate for nomination be requested to make a contribution of $2.00, on or before the 1st of May next, to the Treasurer, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of printing the necessary blanks.

On motion adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

CHARLES M. MERRICK, Secretary. H. HICE, Chairman.

Announcements.

We have been requested to announce the names of the following gentlemen as candidates for the various offices in this county, subject to the result of the Republican primary elections:

Senate.

JAMES S. RUTAN, Beaver boro,

Assembly.

JOHN ROBERTS, Brighton tp.
Dr. WM. C. SHURLOCK, Darlington B.
JAMES FIFE, New Brighton boro.
JOHN Y. MARKS, Baden.
THOMAS J. POWER, Rochester boro.
THOS. J. CHANDLER, Rochester boro.
CAPT. G. S. BARKER, New Brighton.

Sheriff.

F. M. ANDERSON, Rochester boro.
J. P. MARTIN, Darlington tp.
THOMAS P. PLEESON, Pulaski tp.
JOHN C. BOYLE, New Brighton boro.
JAMES M. MCGEEHAN, South Beaver.
JOHN H. BEIGHLEY, Franklin tp.
JAMES A. ANDERSON, Darlington tp.
ABRAHAM B. WOLF, Brighton tp.
S. B. BRIGGS, Industry tp.
JAMES H. TRIMBLE, Greene tp.
ARTHUR SHIELDS, Independence tp.
JAMES DARRAGH, Bridgewater.
JOHN M. DUNLAP, Beaver boro.
THOS. B. HUNTER, Brighton tp.

Treasurer.

JOHN R. EAKIN, Beaver boro.
CHARLES P. WALLACE, Big Beaver.
EBEN ALLISON, Beaver boro.
CLARK A. HUNTER, Ohio tp.
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Fallston.

Register and Recorder.

DARIUS SINGLETON, Beaver boro.
SAMUEL HAMILTON, Ohio tp.
S. M. ELDER, Darlington township.

Clerk of Court.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Beaver boro.
WILLIAM H. BRUCE, Hopewell tp.
JOHN C. HART, Darlington boro.

Commissioner.

JAMES WARNOCK, North Sewickley.
JOSEPH BRITTAIN, New Brighton.
EDWARD COLEMAN, Marion tp.

Poor House Director.

ROBERT COOPER, Moon tp.
DAVID REID, Independence tp

Auditor.

SAMUEL M. DINSMORE, Beaver boro.

Trustees of Academy.

D. P. LOWARY, Beaver.
JAS. M. SMITH, Beaver.

County Superintendent.

G. M. FIELDS, Fallston boro.
JAS. WHITHAM, Hanover tp.

Markets.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTS. GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 13, 1869.

BUTTER—There is a continued steady demand, and we note an average of regular sales, at 45@48 for prime to choice Roll.

BEANS—In good supply and rather dull, but unchanged; $3.50 to the trade, and $3,75 in a retail way.

CHEESE—Sales of New York Goshen at 24@25, and the market almost bare.

CORNMEAL—$1,75@1,85 per cwt.

CARBON OIL—May be quoted at 30@31 for standard brands in a jobbing way.

EGGS—There was an active demand today, and but very few in the market.—We now quote at 28@30.

PROVISIONS—The market is steady with a good city and country demand while prices remain unchanged. Sales of Bacon at 14¼ for Shoulders; Ribbed Sides, 16½@17; Clear Sides, 18@18½, and Sugar Cured Hams, 19½. Steamed Lard, 19½, kettle rendered, 20@20½. Mess Pork, $32.50. Dried Beef, 21.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged, prime red Winter being quoted at $1,48@1,50. Oats dull, notwithstanding the supply is light; may be quoted nominally at 64@65 on wharf and track and 67@68 in store. Barley is in rather better demand with sales at $2,10@2.13.—Corn dull and unchanged, at 70@73 for White and 75 for prime Yellow.

FLOUR—There is quite an improvement in the demand for Flour, but notwithstanding the market is more active, prices, as yet, are no higher. Spring Wheat brands $6,25 to 6,72@7. Winter Wheat $7,50@8. Rye Flour $7,00@7,25.

Married.

BUCKLEY—SHERER—In New Brighton, on the 6th inst., Maj. J. Buckley and Miss Jennie Sherer.

HILLMAN—ORR—At New Brighton, Pa., on the 4th of April, 1869, by Rev. S. P. Crowther, Mr. A. D. Hillman, of Beaver Falls, Pa., and Miss Amanda A. Orr, of Youngstown, Ohio.

HUNTER—JOHNSON.—On March 25, 1869, by Rev. R. Stevenson, Mr. Thomas B. Hunter, of Brighton township, to Miss S. J. Johnson, of Ohio twp.

ZEIGLER—GOEHRING.—On the 16th of February, 1869, at the residence of the bride's parents in New Sewickley tp., by Rev. Boots, Mr. Joseph Zeigler to Miss Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Goehring, Esq.

Died.

COLLINS.—At Philadelphia, on the 6th inst., Lydia, wife of John Collins, Esq., formerly of Brighton tp., Beaver Co., Pa. in the 61st year of her age.

WELLS.—In Chippewa Twp., Beaver Co., on April 1st, 1869, of Consumption, Ellen, wife of Thomas Wells. Aged about 60 years.

BUNZO.—On the 8th of April, 1869, in New Sewickley Twp., Mr. George A. Bunzo, in the 28th year of his age.

New Advertisements.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Persons having business in Probate Court, or Register and Recorders, will find them in session, at their office, on Friday of each week, until April 1st, 1869.

By order of the Board,
apr14:6t:pf JOHN R. EAKIN, Clerk.

MILL FOR SALE.—We offer for Sale, our splendid Mill property, in the Village of Industry. The Mills are new, have a good run of custom and now doing a good run of business. We will sell them for below the cost, and on terms to suit—in order to change our business. To men with small capital this is a rare chance for profitable investment. Call on or address
BAKER BROTHERS
Industry, Beaver Co.,
April 14, 1869. 6t. Pa.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Hannah A. Hillman, of North Sewickley tp., having been granted to the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of said decedent are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same to present them for settlement, to
JAS. WARNOCK, Ex'r.
apr14:6t.

Millinery & Dress Making.

MRS. Z. MOORE having returned from Ohio, informs her former customers and the public generally, that she has removed to the office formerly occupied by W. B. Clarke, Esq., one door west of Mr. Barclay's store, where she intends carrying on Millinery and Dress Making in all their branches. Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings in great variety constantly on hand.
apr14:4w.

BREAD! BREAD!

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing the public that he is still engaged in the Baking business at his old stand, on